



PERRY

& Associates CPAs

PASSION *Beyond the Numbers*

**VILLAGE OF THE CITY OF GALLIPOLIS
GALLIA COUNTY**

Compilation Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

**Village of the City of Gallipolis, Ohio
Cash Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024**

Table of Contents

Independent Accountants' Compilation Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis	10
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.....	13
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – General Fund	14
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – Maintenance and Repair Street Fund	15
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – Fire Levy Fund	16
Statement of Fund Net Position – Cash Basis Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Cash Basis Custodial Fund	19
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Cash Basis Custodial Fund	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' COMPILATION REPORT

Village Commission
Village of the City of Gallipolis
333 3rd Avenue
Gallipolis, OH 45631

To the Members of the Board:

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of the City of Gallipolis as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, which collectively comprise the Village of the City of Gallipolis' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and the related notes to the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable financial reporting framework. We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the financial statements, nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or the completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on these financial statements.

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting and the display requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information is the representation of management. The information was not subject to our compilation engagement. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.



Perry and Associates
Certified Public Accountants, A.C.
Marietta, Ohio

March 3, 2025

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the Village of the City of Gallipolis' (the Village) financial performance provides an overall review of the Village's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2024, within the limitations of the Village's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights are as follows:

- For 2024, total net position increased \$817,830, with governmental activities increasing \$379,755 and business-type activities increasing \$438,075.
- For 2024, the Village had four governmental major funds: the General Fund, the Maintenance and Repairs Streets Fund, Fire Levy Fund and the Court Capital Improvement.
- The Village has three business-type activities: Water, Sewer, and Nonmajor Sanitation Funds. For 2024, net position for the Water Fund increased \$158,335 and the Sewer Fund increased \$277,659. The Nonmajor Sanitation Fund decreased \$1,095.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Village's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Village as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained in the financial records of the Village as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Village has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Village's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets, and their related receipts (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related disbursements (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Unaudited

Reporting the Village of the City of Gallipolis as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the Village did financially during 2024, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program and business-type activity. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function or business-type activity draws from the Village's general receipts.

These statements report the Village's cash position and changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Village's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's cash position is one indicator of whether the Village's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Village's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well, such as the Village's property tax base, the condition of the Village's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Village's debt obligations, and the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the Village into two types of activities:

- Governmental Activities – Most of the Village's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, streets, and parks. Charges for services, state and federal grants, and income and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

- Business-Type Activities – Water and sewer services have charges based on the amounts of usage. The Village charges fees to recoup the cost of the entire operation of our water and sewer treatment plants, sanitation services, as well as all capital expenses associated with these facilities and equipment.

Reporting the Village of the City of Gallipolis' Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Village's major funds – not the Village as a whole. The Village establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Village are split into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Unaudited

- **Governmental Funds** - Most of the Village's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Village's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Village's programs. The Village's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Village's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Maintenance and Repair Street Fund, Fire Levy Fund and the Court Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund. The programs reported in the governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements. We describe this relationship in reconciliations, if necessary.
- **Proprietary Funds** - When the Village charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. When the services are provided to the general public, the activity is reported as an enterprise fund. The Village has three enterprise funds, the Water, Sewer, and Sanitation Funds. The Village also has an internal service fund for medical expense reimbursements.
- **Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. They are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the Village's programs.

THE VILLAGE OF THE CITY OF GALLIPOLIS AS A WHOLE

Table 1 provides a summary of the Village's net position for 2024 compared to 2023 on a cash basis:

(Table 1)
Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,507,854	\$3,134,130	\$3,701,976	\$3,264,887	\$7,209,830	\$6,399,017
Cash in Segregated Accounts	55,877	48,860	-	-	55,877	48,860
Internal Balances	(3,371)	(2,385)	3,371	2,385	-	-
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$3,560,360</u>	<u>\$3,180,605</u>	<u>\$3,705,347</u>	<u>\$3,267,272</u>	<u>\$7,265,707</u>	<u>\$6,447,877</u>
Net Position						
Restricted	\$2,383,758	\$2,304,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,383,758	\$2,304,868
Unrestricted	1,176,602	875,737	3,705,347	3,267,272	4,881,949	4,143,009
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$3,560,360</u>	<u>\$3,180,605</u>	<u>\$3,705,347</u>	<u>\$3,267,272</u>	<u>\$7,265,707</u>	<u>\$6,447,877</u>

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental and business-type activities increased during 2024. The primary reason contributing to the increase in governmental activities is an increase in interest due to improvements in interest rates, increases in municipal income taxes due to an increase in wages earned by the residents and business growth, and an increase in intergovernmental due to increases in grants received. Business-type activities increased primarily due to increases in charges for services in each of the enterprise funds due to rate increases. The Village froze billing rates for water and sewer services for years 2019 through 2022. Then in 2023, the Village increased water rates by 16.5 percent to restore rates to where they should be and then increased sewer rates by 3 percent. In 2024, water and sewer rates increased by 3 percent.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position on a cash basis in 2024 and 2023 for governmental activities, business-type activities, and total primary government.

(Table 2)

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Receipts						
Program Receipts:						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,117,014	\$1,085,435	\$4,777,844	\$4,445,285	\$ 5,894,858	\$ 5,530,720
Operating Grants, Contributions and Intere	740,126	741,069	-	-	740,126	741,069
Capital Grants and Contributions	3,000	555,642	452,312	9,802	455,312	565,444
Total Program Receipts	1,860,140	2,382,146	5,230,156	4,455,087	7,090,296	6,837,233
General Receipts:						
Property and Other Local Taxes	656,981	439,741	-	-	656,981	439,741
Municipal Income Taxes	2,056,805	2,022,239	-	-	2,056,805	2,022,239
Permissive Tax	-	61,181	-	-	-	61,181
Franchise Fees	47,974	64,079	-	-	47,974	64,079
Grants and Entitlements	95,523	93,418	-	-	95,523	93,418
Interest	324,139	126,592	-	-	324,139	126,592
Donations	18,753	9,982	-	-	18,753	9,982
Miscellaneous	33,348	106,735	13,106	20,117	46,454	126,852
Total General Receipts	3,233,523	2,923,967	13,106	20,117	3,246,629	2,944,084
Total Receipts	5,093,663	5,306,113	5,243,262	4,475,204	10,336,925	9,781,317
Disbursements						
General Government	977,340	984,323	-	-	977,340	984,323
General Government - Court	762,967	720,895	-	-	762,967	720,895
Security of Persons and Property:					-	-
Police	1,456,283	1,344,374	-	-	1,456,283	1,344,374
Fire	402,354	285,884	-	-	402,354	285,884
Public Health Services	98,184	102,930	-	-	98,184	102,930
Community Environment	104,374	89,475	-	-	104,374	89,475
Transportation	353,669	844,292	-	-	353,669	844,292
Leisure Time Activities	215,527	243,295	-	-	215,527	243,295
Capital Outlay	288,326	-	-	-	288,326	-
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	229,305	220,634	-	-	229,305	220,634
Interest	75,579	78,227	-	-	75,579	78,227
Water	-	-	2,668,688	1,808,204	2,668,688	1,808,204
Sewer	-	-	2,331,808	1,941,977	2,331,808	1,941,977
Sanitation	-	-	426,541	411,184	426,541	411,184
Total Disbursements	4,963,908	4,914,329	5,427,037	4,161,365	10,390,945	9,075,694
Increases before Debt Proceeds	129,755	391,784	(183,775)	313,839	(54,020)	705,623
Loans Issued	250,000	-	621,850	-	871,850	-
Change in Net Position	379,755	391,784	438,075	313,839	817,830	705,623
Net Position Beginning of Year	3,180,605	2,788,821	3,267,272	2,953,433	6,447,877	5,742,254
Net Position End of Year	\$ 3,560,360	\$3,180,605	\$3,705,347	\$3,267,272	\$ 7,265,707	\$ 6,447,877

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Unaudited

Governmental Activities

For 2024, program receipts represent \$1,860,140 of total receipts and are primarily composed of charges for services such as code enforcement, cemetery, and recreation fees, court fines, and police and fire contracts, capital grants used for capital improvement projects, and restricted intergovernmental receipts such as gas tax money.

General receipts represent \$3,483,523 of the Village's total receipts. Of this amount, \$2,056,805 are derived from local taxes. The Village's total general receipts increased \$302,545 from 2023 mainly in the areas of municipal income taxes, interest earnings, franchise fees, and donations. Some of the reasons for the increases were discussed earlier.

The Village continued to work very hard to increase the income tax base by being proactive with new businesses and continued to strive to provide better service to the taxpayers at the lowest cost possible.

General government and security of persons and property are the major activities of the Village. During 2024, disbursements for these operations amounted to \$977,340 and \$1,858,637, respectively. These activities are, for the most part, funded by the municipal income tax. The Village attempted to supplement the income and activities of the police and fire departments through grant funding to enable the departments to widen the scope of their activities. The police and fire departments and their employees continued to work hand-in-hand with the Village to help reduce the costs to the taxpayer.

Business-Type Activities

The Village's water, sewer, and sanitation operations account for the Village's business-type activities and are funded primarily from charges for services. During 2024, program receipts exceeded program disbursements for water and sewer business-type activities due in large part to an increase in charges for services from the prior year.

If you look at the Statement of Activities, you will see the first column lists the major services provided by the Village. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Village that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Disbursements (Receipts) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. The "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Unaudited

(Table 3)

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2024	2024	2023	2023
General Government	\$ 977,340	\$ 703,995	\$ 984,323	\$ 708,618
General Government - Court	762,967	(99,064)	720,895	(165,691)
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police	1,456,283	1,410,280	1,344,374	1,321,883
Fire	402,354	300,247	285,884	186,447
Public Health Services	98,184	61,239	102,930	64,617
Community Environment	104,374	65,682	89,475	26,517
Transportation	353,669	(16,008)	844,292	42,530
Leisure Time Activities	215,527	84,187	243,295	48,401
Capital Outlay	288,326	288,326	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	229,305	229,305	220,634	220,634
Interest	75,579	75,579	78,227	78,227
Total	\$4,963,908	\$3,103,768	\$4,914,329	\$2,532,183

The dependence upon property and income tax receipts is apparent as approximately 63.5 percent of governmental activities are supported through these and other general receipts.

THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

The Village's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. In 2024, governmental funds total receipts and total disbursements increased.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village. At the end of 2024, the unassigned fund balance was \$1,085,621, while total fund balance was \$1,221,474. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund disbursements. Unassigned fund balance represents 32.4 percent of total General Fund disbursements, while total fund balance represents 34.3 percent of that same amount. The Village's General Fund balance increased during 2024, primarily due to increases in municipal income taxes, charges for services, and interest earnings revenue. Municipal income taxes and interest earnings increases were discussed earlier. Charges for services increased due to an increase in resident and business payments of required local fees.

At the end of 2024, the Maintenance and Repair Streets Fund had a fund balance of \$365,760, an increase of \$70,121. Revenues, disbursements, and transfers out remained fairly consistent from 2023 to 2024.

At the end of 2024, the Fire Levy Fund had a fund balance of \$398,383, an increase of \$97,139 compared to an increase of \$60,495 in 2023. Revenues, disbursements, and transfers out remained fairly consistent from 2023 to 2024.

At the end of 2024, the Court Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund had a fund balance of \$555,559, an increase of \$23,791 compared to an increase of \$60,495 in 2023. Revenues, disbursements, and transfers out remained fairly consistent from 2023 to 2024.

Operating receipts and operating disbursements increased for the Water Enterprise Fund in 2024. Overall net position increased in the Water Enterprise Fund. As discussed earlier, the Village increased their water billing rates by 3 percent in 2024.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Unaudited

Operating disbursements of the Sewer Enterprise Fund increased in 2024 along with operating receipts. This fund also increased in net position in 2024. As discussed earlier, the sewer billing rates increased by 3 percent in 2024.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Village's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2024, the Village amended the General Fund budget several times. Budget basis receipts were below final estimates. Final estimated receipts were increased from the original estimates. Disbursements were lower than final appropriations. Final appropriations were increased from the original appropriations. The Village's original budgets were more conservative. As actual revenues showed increases in municipal income taxes and interest, the Village increased budgeted revenues and budgeted appropriations. Additionally, the Village amended the Maintenance and Repair Streets and Fire Levy Funds budgets throughout the year. Disbursements were lower than final appropriations in both funds.

All recommendations for budget change came from the Village Manager and Village Auditor to the Commission for review and Ordinance enactment on the change. The allocation of appropriations within the departments and objects within a fund, with the exception of employee salaries, may be modified during the year, as requested by the department supervisors and approved by the Village Manager, by the Village Auditor without an ordinance of Commission. With the General Fund supporting many of the major activities such as police and fire departments, as well as most legislative and executive activities, the General Fund was monitored closely, looking for possible revenue shortfalls or overspending by individual departments.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Village had the following debt outstanding at each year end:

Table 4
 Outstanding Debt at December 31, 2024 and 2023

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Bond Anticipation Notes	\$ 159,704	\$ 191,791	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 159,704	\$ 191,791
Loans	-	-	5,485,555	5,903,035	5,485,555	5,903,035
General Obligation Bonds	1,445,426	1,642,644	-	-	1,445,426	1,642,644
Totals	\$1,605,130	\$1,834,435	\$5,485,555	\$5,903,035	\$7,090,685	\$7,737,470

CURRENT ISSUES

As the preceding information shows, the Village depended heavily on its taxpayers and costs on grants and entitlements. The Village tightened non-capital related spending to better bring costs in line with receipts and carefully watched financial planning in order for the Village to remain on firm financial footing.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE AUDITOR'S DEPARTMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to show the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Shelly Clonch, Village Auditor, P.O Box 339, Gallipolis, Ohio 45631.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis
December 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,507,854	\$ 3,701,976	\$ 7,209,830
Cash in Segregated Accounts	55,877	-	55,877
Internal Balances	(3,371)	3,371	-
<i>Total Assets</i>	\$ 3,560,360	\$ 3,705,347	\$ 7,265,707
Net Position			
Restricted for:			
Street	\$ 384,593	\$ -	\$ 384,593
Police	78,032	-	78,032
Fire	398,383	-	398,383
Cemeteries	35,885	-	35,885
Recreation	102,917	-	102,917
Court	1,129,588	-	1,129,588
Unclaimed Monies	95,248	-	95,248
Perpetual Care - Nonexpendable	27,442	-	27,442
Drug Prevention Program	39,451	-	39,451
Other Purposes	92,219	-	92,219
Unrestricted	1,176,602	3,705,347	4,881,949
<i>Total Net Position</i>	\$ 3,560,360	\$ 3,705,347	\$ 7,265,707

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Activities - Cash Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Program Receipts				Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position		
	Disbursements	Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 977,340	\$ 212,321	\$ 61,024	\$ -	\$ (703,995)	\$ -	\$ (703,995)
General Government - Court	762,967	638,614	220,417	3,000	99,064	-	99,064
Security of Persons and Property							
Police	1,456,283	31,210	14,793	-	(1,410,280)	-	(1,410,280)
Fire	402,354	88,800	13,307	-	(300,247)	-	(300,247)
Public Health Services	98,184	35,590	1,355	-	(61,239)	-	(61,239)
Community Environment	104,374	38,692	-	-	(65,682)	-	(65,682)
Transportation	353,669	60,262	309,415	-	16,008	-	16,008
Leisure Time Activities	215,527	11,525	119,815	-	(84,187)	-	(84,187)
Capital Outlay	288,326	-	-	-	(288,326)	-	(288,326)
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	229,305	-	-	-	(229,305)	-	(229,305)
Interest	75,579	-	-	-	(75,579)	-	(75,579)
Total Governmental Activities	4,963,908	1,117,014	740,126	3,000	(3,103,768)	-	(3,103,768)
Business-Type Activities							
Water	2,668,688	2,071,900	-	132,500	-	(464,288)	(464,288)
Sewer	2,331,808	2,278,424	-	319,812	-	266,428	266,428
Nonmajor - Sanitation	426,541	427,520	-	-	-	979	979
Total Business-Type Activities	5,427,037	4,777,844	-	452,312	-	(196,881)	(196,881)
Total	\$ 10,390,945	\$ 5,894,858	\$ 740,126	\$ 455,312	(3,103,768)	(196,881)	(3,300,649)
General Receipts							
Property and Other Local Taxes Levied for:							
General Purposes					335,146	-	335,146
Fire					321,835	-	321,835
Income Taxes Levied for General Purposes					2,056,805	-	2,056,805
Franchise Fees					47,974	-	47,974
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs					95,523	-	95,523
Interest					324,139	-	324,139
Donations					18,753	-	18,753
Miscellaneous					33,348	13,106	46,454
Loans Issued					250,000	621,850	871,850
Total General Receipts					3,483,523	634,956	4,118,479
Change in Net Position					379,755	438,075	817,830
Net Position Beginning of Year					3,180,605	3,267,272	6,447,877
Net Position End of Year					\$ 3,560,360	\$ 3,705,347	\$ 7,265,707

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General	(Formerly Nonmajor) Maintenance & Repair Streets	(Formerly Nonmajor) Fire Levy	Court Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,105,409	\$ 365,760	\$ 398,383	\$ 544,496	\$ 1,009,991	\$ 3,424,039
Cash in Segregated Accounts	32,250	-	-	11,063	7,670	50,983
Restricted Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	83,815	-	-	-	-	83,815
Total Assets	\$ 1,221,474	\$ 365,760	\$ 398,383	\$ 555,559	\$ 1,017,661	\$ 3,558,837
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	\$ 95,248	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,442	\$ 122,690
Restricted	-	365,760	398,383	555,559	922,633	2,242,335
Committed	-	-	-	-	67,586	67,586
Assigned	40,605	-	-	-	-	40,605
Unassigned	1,085,621	-	-	-	-	1,085,621
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,221,474	\$ 365,760	\$ 398,383	\$ 555,559	\$ 1,017,661	\$ 3,558,837

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets of the internal fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

	1,523
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,560,360

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General	(Formerly Nonmajor) Maintenance & Repair Streets	(Formerly Nonmajor) Fire Levy	Court Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receipts						
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 335,146	\$ -	\$ 321,835	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 656,981
Municipal Income Taxes	2,056,805	-	-	-	-	2,056,805
Charges for Services	349,419	60,119	-	-	40,830	450,368
Fines, Licenses, Permits, and Settlements	385,060	-	-	154,534	120,739	660,333
Franchise Fees	40,174	-	-	-	7,800	47,974
Intergovernmental	102,323	275,652	13,307	3,000	314,304	708,586
Interest	324,139	17,015	-	-	2,403	343,557
Donations	18,753	-	-	-	110,645	129,398
Miscellaneous	32,598	750	-	-	-	33,348
Total Receipts	3,644,417	353,536	335,142	157,534	596,721	5,087,350
Disbursements						
Current:						
General Government	899,546	-	-	-	77,018	976,564
General Government - Court	331,511	-	-	83,743	346,605	761,859
Security of Persons and Property:						
Police	1,370,515	-	-	-	84,063	1,454,578
Fire	256,220	-	146,007	-	-	402,227
Public Health Services	16,500	-	-	-	81,684	98,184
Community Environment	94,637	-	-	-	9,547	104,184
Transportation	86,000	254,292	-	-	13,286	353,578
Leisure Time Activities	69,143	-	-	-	146,384	215,527
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	288,326	288,326
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	229,305	229,305
Interest	-	-	-	-	75,579	75,579
Total Disbursements	3,124,072	254,292	146,007	83,743	1,351,797	4,959,911
<i>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</i>	<i>520,345</i>	<i>99,244</i>	<i>189,135</i>	<i>73,791</i>	<i>(755,076)</i>	<i>127,439</i>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	22,116	-	-	-	380,883	402,999
Transfers Out	(231,880)	(29,123)	(91,996)	(50,000)	-	(402,999)
Loans Issued	-	-	-	-	250,000	250,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(209,764)	(29,123)	(91,996)	(50,000)	630,883	250,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	310,581	70,121	97,139	23,791	(124,193)	377,439
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year, as previously Reported</i>	<i>910,893</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>531,768</i>	<i>1,738,737</i>	<i>3,181,398</i>
<i>Change within Financial Reporting Entity (nonmajor to major)</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>295,639</i>	<i>301,244</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>(596,883)</i>	<i>-</i>
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	910,893	295,639	301,244	531,768	1,141,854	3,181,398
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,221,474	\$ 365,760	\$ 398,383	\$ 555,559	\$ 1,017,661	\$ 3,558,837

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds 398,963

The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund receipts are eliminated. The net receipts (disbursements) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.

2,316

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 401,279

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 313,658	\$ 335,146	\$ 335,146	\$ -
Municipal Income Taxes	1,900,000	2,000,000	2,056,805	56,805
Charges for Services	347,500	345,000	349,419	4,419
Fines, Licenses, and Permits	375,500	407,635	406,584	(1,051)
Franchise Fees	45,000	45,000	40,174	(4,826)
Intergovernmental	94,000	102,378	102,323	(55)
Interest	260,000	301,094	301,094	-
Donations	2,500	19,253	18,753	(500)
Miscellaneous	21,000	19,300	32,596	13,296
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<u>3,359,158</u>	<u>3,574,806</u>	<u>3,642,894</u>	<u>68,088</u>
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	897,580	964,941	902,448	62,493
General Government - Court	336,709	339,109	331,511	7,598
Security of Persons and Property:				
Police	1,543,014	1,079,632	1,373,463	(293,831)
Fire	293,834	310,834	289,391	21,443
Public Health Services	24,650	24,650	16,500	8,150
Community Environment	99,302	97,602	94,637	2,965
Transportation	70,000	86,000	86,000	-
Leisure Time Activities	94,984	84,403	70,727	13,676
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<u>3,360,073</u>	<u>2,987,171</u>	<u>3,164,677</u>	<u>(177,506)</u>
<i>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</i>	<u>(915)</u>	<u>587,635</u>	<u>478,217</u>	<u>(109,418)</u>
Other Financing Source (Uses)				
Advances In	7,293	7,293	-	(7,293)
Transfers In	22,116	22,116	22,116	-
Transfers Out	(210,530)	(209,764)	(231,880)	(22,116)
<i>Total Other Financing Source (Uses)</i>	<u>(181,121)</u>	<u>(180,355)</u>	<u>(209,764)</u>	<u>(29,409)</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(182,036)	407,280	268,453	(138,827)
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	835,231	835,231	835,231	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	22,897	22,897	22,897	-
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 676,092</u>	<u>\$ 1,265,408</u>	<u>\$ 1,126,581</u>	<u>\$ (138,827)</u>

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
Maintenance and Repair Street Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
Receipts				
Charges for Services	\$ 62,000	\$ 62,000	\$ 60,119	\$ (1,881)
Intergovernmental	283,000	283,000	275,652	(7,348)
Interest	15,000	15,000	15,716	716
Miscellaneous	500	500	750	250
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<u>360,500</u>	<u>360,500</u>	<u>352,237</u>	<u>(8,263)</u>
Disbursements				
Current:				
Transportation	<u>320,249</u>	<u>330,249</u>	<u>268,308</u>	<u>61,941</u>
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<u>320,249</u>	<u>330,249</u>	<u>268,308</u>	<u>61,941</u>
<i>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</i>	<u>40,251</u>	<u>30,251</u>	<u>83,929</u>	<u>53,678</u>
Other Financing Source (Uses)				
Transfers Out	<u>(29,123)</u>	<u>(29,123)</u>	<u>(29,123)</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Total Other Financing Source (Uses)</i>	<u>(29,123)</u>	<u>(29,123)</u>	<u>(29,123)</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	11,128	1,128	54,806	53,678
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	268,925	268,925	268,925	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>25,490</u>	<u>25,490</u>	<u>25,490</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 305,543</u>	<u>\$ 295,543</u>	<u>\$ 349,221</u>	<u>\$ 53,678</u>

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)
Fire Levy Street Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 137,729	\$ 321,835	\$ 321,835	\$ -
Intergovernmental	10,500	13,290	13,307	17
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<u>148,229</u>	<u>335,125</u>	<u>335,142</u>	<u>17</u>
Disbursements				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property:				
Fire	41,950	148,650	146,149	2,501
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<u>41,950</u>	<u>148,650</u>	<u>146,149</u>	<u>2,501</u>
<i>Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements</i>	<u>106,279</u>	<u>186,475</u>	<u>188,993</u>	<u>2,518</u>
Other Financing Source (Uses)				
Transfers Out	(91,880)	(91,996)	(91,996)	-
<i>Total Other Financing Source (Uses)</i>	<u>(91,880)</u>	<u>(91,996)</u>	<u>(91,996)</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	14,399	94,479	96,997	2,518
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	281,244	281,244	281,244	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 315,643</u>	<u>\$ 395,723</u>	<u>\$ 398,241</u>	<u>\$ 2,518</u>

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Fund Net Position - Cash Basis
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities				Governmental Activities
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,244,658	\$ 1,416,466	\$ 40,852	\$ 3,701,976	\$ -
Cash in Segregated Accounts	-	-	-	-	4,894
	<u>\$ 2,244,658</u>	<u>\$ 1,416,466</u>	<u>\$ 40,852</u>	<u>\$ 3,701,976</u>	<u>\$ 4,894</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$ 2,244,658</u>	<u>\$ 1,416,466</u>	<u>\$ 40,852</u>	<u>\$ 3,701,976</u>	<u>\$ 4,894</u>
Net Position					
Unrestricted	<u>\$ 2,244,658</u>	<u>\$ 1,416,466</u>	<u>\$ 40,852</u>	\$ 3,701,976	<u>\$ 4,894</u>
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net position are different because internal service fund activity is included with business-type activities.				(3,371)	
				<u>\$ 3,698,605</u>	
				Net position of business-type activities	

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Receipts				Internal Service Fund
Charges for Services	\$ 2,070,780	\$ 2,276,857	\$ 427,520	\$ 4,775,157
Other Operating Receipts	1,184	11,806	116	13,106
<i>Total Operating Receipts</i>	<u>2,071,964</u>	<u>2,288,663</u>	<u>427,636</u>	<u>4,788,263</u>
Operating Disbursements				
Salaries and Benefits	908,054	903,013	-	1,811,067
Contractual Services	556,906	419,456	426,501	1,402,863
Materials and Supplies	181,305	80,601	40	261,946
<i>Total Operating Disbursements</i>	<u>1,646,265</u>	<u>1,403,070</u>	<u>426,541</u>	<u>3,475,876</u>
<i>Operating Income (Loss)</i>	<u>425,699</u>	<u>885,593</u>	<u>1,095</u>	<u>1,312,387</u>
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)				
Capital Grants	132,500	319,812	-	452,312
Capital Outlay	(1,019,551)	(458,112)	-	(1,477,663)
Customer Deposits Returned	(715)	-	-	(715)
Loans Issued	621,850	-	-	621,850
Debt Service Principal	(1,448)	(416,032)	-	(417,480)
Interest	-	(53,602)	-	(53,602)
<i>Total Non Operating Receipts (Disbursements)</i>	<u>(267,364)</u>	<u>(607,934)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(875,298)</u>
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	<u>158,335</u>	<u>277,659</u>	<u>1,095</u>	<u>437,089</u>
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	<u>2,086,323</u>	<u>1,138,807</u>	<u>39,757</u>	<u>1,592</u>
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 2,244,658</u>	<u>\$ 1,416,466</u>	<u>\$ 40,852</u>	<u>\$ 4,894</u>

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net disbursements of the internal service fund is reported with business-type activities.

	<u>986</u>
Change in net position of business-type activities	<u>\$ 438,075</u>

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis
Custodial Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	<u>\$ 113,738</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 113,738</u>
Net Position	
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	<u>\$ 113,738</u>

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis Custodial Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Additions	
Fines and Forfeitures for Other Governments	\$ 690,603
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent	78,080
Contributions from Individuals	<u>152,205</u>
<i>Total Additions</i>	<u>920,888</u>
Deductions	
Distributions to the State of Ohio	261,410
Distributions to Other Governments	73,837
Distributions to Individuals	489,015
Other Distributions	90,430
Miscellaneous	<u>6,033</u>
<i>Total Deductions</i>	<u>920,725</u>
<i>Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position</i>	163
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year</i>	<u>113,575</u>
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$ 113,738</u></u>

See Independent Accountants' Compilation Report and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 1 – Description of the Village and the Reporting Entity

The Village of the City of Gallipolis, Ohio (the Village), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio, as well as an adopted Village charter. The Village is directed by a five-member Commission elected at large for four-year terms and a Village Manager appointed by the Commission.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, component units, and other governmental organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading.

Primary Government

The primary government of the Village consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Village. For the Village, this includes the departments that provide various services including police and fire protection, recreation (including parks), planning and zoning, street maintenance and repair, water and water pollution control, and general administrative services. These activities are directly controlled by the Commission through the budgetary process and by the Village Auditor and the Village Manager through administrative and managerial requirements and procedures.

Related Organizations

The Village is associated with the Gallia Metropolitan Housing Authority, an organization that is defined as a related organization. This organization is presented in Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in the Basis of Accounting section of this note, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). General accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Village's accounting policies.

Basis of Presentation

The Village's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Village as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The statement of net position presents the cash balances of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each program or function of the Village's governmental and business-type activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Village is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services; grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and receipts of interest earned on grants required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the Village.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the Village segregates transactions related to certain Village functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Village at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating receipts generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the fund's principal services. Operating disbursements include costs of sales and services and administrative costs. The proprietary fund statements report all other receipts and disbursements as nonoperating.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented in three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The following are the Village's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Maintenance and Repair Street Fund The maintenance and repair street fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for maintenance and repair of streets within the Village.

Fire Levy Fund This fund receives tax levy monies to support a volunteer fire department.

Court Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund This fund was established per ORC 1901.26 for additional monies necessary to acquire and pay for special projects of the Court, including the acquisition of additional facilities.

The other governmental funds of the Village account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted or committed to a particular purpose.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Proprietary Funds The Village classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise Funds Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the Village's major enterprise funds:

Water Enterprise Fund The Water Fund is used to account for the revenues generated from the charges for distribution of water to residential and commercial users of the Village.

Sewer Enterprise Fund The Sewer Fund is used to account for the revenues generated from the charges for sanitary sewer services provided to residential and commercial users of the Village.

The other nonmajor enterprise fund of the Village accounts for the receipts generated from the charges for refuse collections to the residential and commercial users of the Village.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Village on a cost reimbursement basis. The Village's only internal service fund accounts for the operation of the Village's self-insurance program for employee medical reimbursement program.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Village under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Village's own programs. The Village does not have any trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The Village's custodial funds account for amounts collected and distributed on behalf of another government or organization. The Village's custodial funds account for the municipal court collections that are distributed to the State and various local governments and for fire loss recovery monies from insurance companies held for homeowners.

Basis of Accounting

The Village's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Village's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned, and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Village are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Village Council may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is Village Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Village Council. The legal level of control has been established by Village Council at the fund and function level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Village Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the year were adopted by the Village Commission.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Village Commission during the year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Village records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

The Village has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the Village's pooled accounts for Municipal Court operations and the self-insurance program. These depository accounts are presented as "Cash in Segregated Accounts" since they are not deposited into the Village's treasury.

The Village had no investments during the year or at year end.

Interest earnings are allocated to Village funds according to State statutes, grants requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest earnings credited to the General Fund during 2024 amounted to \$324,139, which includes \$214,381 assigned from other Village funds.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by the creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village are reported as restricted.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Village reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Village reports advances in and advances out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

For 2024, GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, was effective. GASB 101 defines a compensated absence as leave for which employees may receive cash payments when the leave is used for time off or receive cash payments for unused leave upon termination of employment. These payments could occur during employment or upon termination of employment. Compensated absences generally do not have a set payment schedule. The Village does not offer noncash settlements.

Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Village recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 8 and 9, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Long-Term Obligations

The Village's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received, and principal and interest payments are reported when paid.

Settlement Monies

Ohio has reached settlement agreements with various distributors of opioids which are subject to the OneOhio memorandum of understanding. The original settlement was reached in 2021 with annual payments anticipated through 2038. For 2024, distributions of \$26,276 are reflected as settlement revenue in the OneOhio Special Revenue Fund in the accompanying financial statements.

Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes activities involving the Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) Grant and the American Rescue Plan Act Fund.

The Village's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants); grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Enabling legislation authorizes the Village to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the Village can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary, to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution or ordinance, as both are equally binding) of the Village Commissioners. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commission removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution or ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by Village Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Village for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Village Commissioners or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute. State Statute authorizes the Village Auditor to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts. Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one program to another or within the same program are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments of interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

For 2024, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. Additionally see the Accumulated Leave section of Note 2 for discussion of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences.

Note 3 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis presented for the General Fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are as follows:

1. Outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis).
2. Unrecorded cash and interest and segregated accounts are reported on the statements of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balances (cash basis), but not on the budgetary basis.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 3 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on the budget basis to the cash basis are as follows:

	<u>General</u>	<u>Maintenance & Repair Streets</u>	<u>Fire Levy</u>
Cash Basis	\$ 310,581	\$ 70,121	\$97,139
Unrecorded Cash and Interest:			
Beginning of Year	23,908	-	-
End of Year	(22,036)	(1,299)	-
Segregated Accounts:			
Beginning of Year	28,856	-	-
End of Year	(32,250)	-	-
Encumbrances	(40,605)	(14,016)	(142)
Budget Basis	<u>\$ 268,454</u>	<u>\$ 54,806</u>	<u>\$96,997</u>

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

State statutes classify monies held by the Village into three categories.

Active deposits are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Village treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Village treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Village can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (Continued)

5. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds, and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
7. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and
8. Written repurchase agreements in the securities described in (1) or (2) provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Village and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2024, \$7,031,953 of the Village total bank balance of \$7,531,953 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

At year end, the Village had \$24,438 in unrecorded interest on hand which is included as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

The Village has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the Village and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Village. Property tax revenue received during 2024 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2023 taxes.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 5 – Taxes (Continued)

Property Taxes

2024 real property taxes were levied after October 1, 2024, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2024, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2024 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2025.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2024 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2023, are levied after October 1, 2024, and are collected in 2025 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all Village operations for the year ended December 31, 2024, was \$3.90 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property and public utility tangible property upon which 2024 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property:	
Residential and Agricultural	\$ 56,781,950
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	42,379,620
Public Utility Personal Property	5,837,010
Other	212,705
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$ 105,211,285</u>

Income Taxes

The Village levies a one percent income tax whose proceeds are placed into the General Fund. The Village levies and collects the tax on all income earned within the Village as well as on incomes of residents earned outside of the Village. In the latter case, the Village allows a credit for income taxes paid to another municipality up to the full amount of the tax owed. Employers within the Village are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the Village at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are also required to pay their estimated tax at least quarterly and file a final return with the Village.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 6 – Interfund Balances and Transfers

Transfers

During 2024, the following transfers were made:

Transfer to	Transfer from					
	Major Funds				Other	
	General	Maintenance and Repair Street	Fire Levy	Court Capital Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
General Fund	\$ 22,116	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 380,883	\$ 402,999
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	231,880	29,123	91,996	50,000	-	402,999

The above-mentioned transfers were used to move receipts from the fund that Statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; to use unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; and for debt service requirements.

Interfund Activity

For governmental activities, advances remain outstanding from activity during 2023 that consisted of monies advanced to the ODNR Natureworks Grant Special Revenue Fund from the General Fund. The ODNR Natureworks Grant Special Revenue Fund has a remaining outstanding advance to the General Fund in the amount of \$7,293.

Note 7 – Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village contracts with The Travelers for its coverage as follows:

Property	Limit	Deductible
Real and Personal Property	\$ 45,121,248	\$ 1,000
Liability		
Employment Expense	6,000,000	-
Employee Benefits	1,000,000	1,000
Law Enforcement	6,000,000	5,000
Public Officials Wrongful Acts	6,000,000	5,000
Auto		
Liability	6,000,000	-
Medical Payments	5,000	-
Uninsured Motorist	100,000	-

There were no significant reductions in coverage from prior years. Settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years.

The Village pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium for employee injury coverage based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - Village employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan, and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Effective January 1, 2022, new members may no longer select the Combined Plan, and current members may no longer make a plan change to this plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215- 4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	Group B 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Group C Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age and Service Requirements: Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	Traditional Plan Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35
Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30	Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30	Combined Plan Formula: 1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Traditional plan state and local members who retire before meeting the age-and-years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests at retirement.

Law enforcement and public safety members who retire before meeting the age-and-years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

Combined plan members retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit.

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the member's original base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost-of-living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member’s contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member’s investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members’ contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members’ investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	<u>State and Local</u>
	<u>Traditional</u>
2024 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee *	10.0 %
2024 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension **	14.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

*Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.

**These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined within the constraints of statutory limits for each division and expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

For 2024, the Village’s contractually required contribution was \$367,045 for the traditional plan.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – Village full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions, and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries under optional plans, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.0 percent of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.0 percent or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

2024 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer	19.50	%	24.00
			%
Employee	12.25	%	12.25
			%
2024 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension	19.00	%	23.50
			%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50		0.50
			%
Total Employer	19.50	%	24.00
			%
Employee	12.25	%	12.25
			%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Village’s contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$176,002 for 2024.

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust. The 115 Health Care Trust (115 Trust or Health Care Trust) was established in 2014, under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The purpose of the 115 Trust is to fund health care for the Traditional Pension, Combined and Member-Directed plans. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. Retirees in the Traditional Pension and Combined plans may have an allowance deposited into a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to be used toward the health care program of their choice and other eligible expenses. An OPERS vendor is available to assist with the selection of a health care program

With one exception, OPERS-provided health care coverage is neither guaranteed nor statutorily required. Ohio law currently requires Medicare Part A equivalent coverage or Medicare Part A premium reimbursement for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents.

OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS members enrolled in the Traditional Pension Plan or Combined Plan retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022, or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

Age 65 or older Retirees Minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit

Age 60 to 64 Retirees Based on the following age-and-service criteria:

Group A 30 years of total service with at least 20 years of qualified health care service credit;

Group B 31 years of total service credit with at least 20 years of qualified health care service credit;

Group C 32 years of total service cred with at least 20 years of qualified health care service credit.

Age 59 or younger Based on the following age-and-service criteria:

Group A 30 years of qualified health care service credit;

Group B 32 years of qualified health care service credit at any age or 31 years of qualified heath care service credit and at least age 52;

Group C 32 years of qualified health care service credit and at least page 55.

Retirees who do not meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service.

Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022, who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022, as summarized in the following table:

Group A	Group B	Group C
Age and Service Requirements December 1, 2014 or Prior	Age and Service Requirements December 1, 2014 or Prior	Age and Service Requirements December 1, 2014 or Prior
Any Age with 10 years of service credit	Any Age with 10 years of service credit	Any Age with 10 years of service credit
January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2021	January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2021	January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2021
Age 60 with 20 years of service credit or Any Age with 30 years of service credit	Age 52 with 31 years of service credit or Age 60 with 20 years of service credit or Any Age with 32 years of service credit	Age 55 with 32 years of service credit or Age 60 with 20 years of service credit

See the Age and Service Retirement section of the OPERS ACFR for a description of Groups A, B and C.

Eligible retirees may receive a monthly HRA allowance for reimbursement of health care coverage premiums and other qualified medical expenses. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are provided to eligible retirees, and are deposited into their HRA account.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

The base allowance is determined by OPERS and is currently \$1,200 per month for non-Medicare retirees and \$350 per month for Medicare retirees. The retiree receives a percentage of the base allowance, calculated based on years of qualifying service credit and age when the retiree first enrolled in OPERS health care. Monthly allowances range between 51 percent and 90 percent of the base allowance for both non-Medicare and Medicare retirees.

Retirees will have access to the OPERS Connector, which is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees participating in the health care program. The OPERS Connector may assist retirees in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate health care plan.

When members become Medicare-eligible, recipients enrolled in OPERS health care programs must enroll in Medicare Part A (hospitalization) and Medicare Part B (medical).

OPERS reimburses retirees who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A (hospitalization) for their Part A premiums as well as any applicable surcharges (late-enrollment fees). Retirees within this group must enroll in Medicare Part A and select medical coverage, and may select prescription coverage, through the OPERS Connector. OPERS also will reimburse 50 percent of the Medicare Part A premium and any applicable surcharges for eligible spouses. Proof of enrollment in Medicare Part A and confirmation that the retiree is not receiving reimbursement or payment from another source must be submitted. The premium reimbursement is added to the monthly pension benefit.

Participants in the Member-Directed Plan have access to the Connector and have a separate health care funding mechanism. A portion of employer contributions for these participants is allocated to a retiree medical account (RMA). Members who elect the Member-Directed Plan after July 1, 2015, will vest in the RMA over 15 years at a rate of 10 percent each year starting with the sixth year of participation. Members who elected the Member-Directed Plan prior to July 1, 2015, vest in the RMA over a five-year period at a rate of 20 percent per year. Upon separation or retirement, participants may use vested RMA funds for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. For fiscal year 2024, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2024, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan. Beginning July 1, 2022, there was a two percent allocation to health care for the Combined Plan which has continued through 2024. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2024 was 4.0 percent. Effective July 1, 2022, a portion of the health care rate was funded with reserves which has continued through 2024.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Village's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2024.

Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The Village contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

Regardless of a benefit recipient's participation in the health care program, OP&F is required by law to pay eligible recipients of a service pension, disability benefit and spousal survivor benefit for their Medicare Part B insurance premium, up to the statutory maximum provided the benefit recipient is not eligible to receive reimbursement from any other source. Once OP&F receives the necessary documentation, a monthly reimbursement is included as part of the recipient's next benefit payment. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2024, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Village’s contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$3,667 for 2024.

Note 10 – Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the Village during 2024 were as follows:

Debt Issue	12/31/23 Balance	Additions	Deletions	12/31/24 Balance	Due in One Year
Governmental:					
2014 6.00% Fire Equipment Bond Anticipation Notes	\$ 191,791	\$ -	\$ (32,087)	\$ 159,704	\$ 33,272
2002 4.99% Fire Station Bonds	244,612	-	(27,633)	216,979	29,029
2011 3.91% Various Purpose Bonds	1,164,924	-	(126,660)	1,038,264	131,661
2013 3.55% Street Improvement Bonds	132,352	-	(24,641)	107,711	25,524
2016 3.65% Parking Lot Bonds	14,356	-	(9,484)	4,872	4,872
2022 2.125% USDA Bond Fire	86,400	-	(8,800)	77,600	9,000
Total Governmental Activities	<u>1,834,435</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(229,305)</u>	<u>1,605,130</u>	<u>233,358</u>
Business-Type:					
2010 0% OPWC Spruce Street Sewer Improvements	68,888	-	(4,052)	64,836	2,026
2013 OPWC Water Pollution Control Facility	375,000	-	(16,667)	358,333	8,333
2013 OWDA Loan - 6549 and 6255- 1.00%	970,328	-	(42,872)	927,456	43,302
2013 OWDA Loan - 6845 and 6520- 1.00%	4,488,819	-	(353,889)	4,134,930	357,436
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>5,903,035</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(417,480)</u>	<u>5,485,555</u>	<u>411,097</u>

The Fire Equipment Bond Anticipation Notes, issued on March 15, 2014, in the amount of \$445,000, represents amounts borrowed through direct borrowing for the purchase of a pumper truck and a brush truck. The notes will be retired from property tax receipts in the Fire Levy Special Revenue Fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Fire Equipment Bond Anticipation Notes outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 33,272	\$ 5,543	\$ 38,815
2026	34,501	4,315	38,816
2027	35,775	3,040	38,815
2028	37,097	1,719	38,816
2029	19,059	349	19,408
	<u>\$ 159,704</u>	<u>\$ 14,966</u>	<u>\$ 174,670</u>

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 10 – Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The Fire Station General Obligation Bonds, issued on February 25, 2002, through direct borrowing, in the amount of \$602,000, represents amounts borrowed for the construction of a fire station and will be retired from property tax receipts in the Fire Levy Special Revenue Fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Fire Station General Obligation Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 29,029	\$ 10,469	\$ 39,498
2026	30,495	9,004	39,499
2027	32,036	7,462	39,498
2028	33,655	5,844	39,499
2029	35,355	4,143	39,498
2030-2034	56,409	2,838	59,247
	<u>\$ 216,979</u>	<u>\$ 39,760</u>	<u>\$ 256,739</u>

The Various Purpose Bonds were issued on September 30, 2011, for \$2,342,000 through direct borrowing and matures on December 1, 2031. The bonds were issued for the purpose of acquiring and constructing a new justice center and an auxiliary fire station. The bonds will be retired from property tax receipts and court fees.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Various Purpose Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 131,661	\$ 39,322	\$ 170,983
2026	136,859	34,123	170,982
2027	142,263	28,720	170,983
2028	147,880	23,103	170,983
2029	153,718	17,264	170,982
2030-2034	325,883	16,081	341,964
	<u>\$ 1,038,264</u>	<u>\$ 158,613</u>	<u>\$ 1,196,877</u>

The Street Improvement Bonds were issued on February 27, 2013, for \$353,175 and matures on December 1, 2028. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying part of the cost of constructing street and road improvements. The bonds will be retired from general property tax revenues of the Village.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Street Improvement Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 25,524	\$ 3,599	\$ 29,123
2026	26,437	2,686	29,123
2027	27,385	1,738	29,123
2028	28,365	757	29,122
	<u>\$ 107,711</u>	<u>\$ 8,780</u>	<u>\$ 116,491</u>

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 10 – Long-Term Obligations

The 2016 Parking Lot Bonds, issued on March 31, 2016, in the amount of \$80,000, represents amounts borrowed for the purchase of property and the improvements to the property for the use as a parking lot. The bonds will be retired from property tax receipts in the General Fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2016 Parking Lot Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 4,872	\$ 89	\$ 4,961
	\$ 4,872	\$ 89	\$ 4,961

The 2022 USDA Fire Equipment Bonds, issued on September 8, 2022, in the amount of \$95,000, represents amounts borrowed for the purchase of equipment for the fire department. The bonds will be retired from the USDA Community Facility Grant Special Revenue Fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2022 USDA Fire Equipment Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 9,000	\$ 1,649	\$ 10,649
2026	9,200	1,458	10,658
2027	9,400	1,262	10,662
2028	9,600	1,065	10,665
2029	9,800	859	10,659
2030-2032	30,600	1,310	31,910
	\$ 77,600	\$ 7,603	\$ 85,203

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Spruce Street Water and Sewer Improvement Loan began draws in 2010 and was obtained to finance the improvements to water and sewer lines on Spruce Street. The loan activity is reflected in the Sewer and Water Enterprise Funds which received the proceeds and will repay the debt.

Principal requirements to retire the OPWC Spruce Street Water and Sewer Improvement Loan outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal
2025	\$ 2,026
2026	4,052
2027	4,052
2028	4,052
2029	4,052
2030-2034	20,260
2035-2039	20,260
2040-2041	6,082
	\$ 64,836

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 10 – Long-Term Obligations

The OPWC Water Pollution Control Facility Loan was obtained in 2013 to finance the planning, design, and construction of upgrades to existing wastewater facilities. The loan activity is reflected in the Sewer Enterprise Fund which received the proceeds and will repay the debt.

Principal requirements to retire the OPWC Water Pollution Control Facility Loan outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal
2025	\$ 8,333
2026	16,667
2027	16,667
2028	16,667
2029	16,667
2030-2034	83,335
2035-2039	83,335
2040-2044	83,335
2045-2046	33,327
	\$ 358,333

The Village's outstanding OPWC loans from direct borrowings contain provisions that in the event of default (1) OPWC may apply late fees of 8 percent per year, (2) loans more than 60 days late will be turned over to the Attorney General's office for collection, and as provided by law, OPWC may require that such payment be taken from the Village's share of the county undivided local government fund, and (3) the outstanding amounts shall, at OPWC's option, become immediately due and payable.

The 2013 Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) Wastewater Treatment Plant Loan relates to the engineering and design of improvements to the headworks at the wastewater treatment plant. The loan activity is reflected in the Sewer Enterprise Fund which received the proceeds and will repay the debt.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Wastewater Treatment Plant Loan outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 43,302	\$ 9,167	\$ 52,469
2026	43,736	8,732	52,468
2027	44,174	8,294	52,468
2028	44,617	7,851	52,468
2029	45,064	7,404	52,468
2030-2034	232,189	30,152	262,341
2035-2039	244,064	18,277	262,341
2040-2043	230,310	5,796	236,106
	\$ 927,456	\$ 95,673	\$ 1,023,129

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 10 – Long-Term Obligations

The 2013 OWDA Water Pollution Control Facility Loan relates to the planning, design, and construction of upgrades to existing wastewater facilities. The loan activity is reflected in the Sewer Enterprise Fund which received the proceeds and will repay the debt.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Water Pollution Control Facility Loan outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 357,436	\$ 40,458	\$ 397,894
2026	361,020	36,875	397,895
2027	364,639	33,255	397,894
2028	368,295	29,600	397,895
2029	371,987	25,908	397,895
2030-2034	1,916,624	72,848	1,989,472
2035	394,929	2,964	397,893
	<u>\$ 4,134,930</u>	<u>\$ 241,908</u>	<u>\$ 4,376,838</u>

The Village's outstanding OWDA loans from direct borrowings contain provisions that in an event of default (1) the amount of such default shall bear interest at the default rate from the due date until the date of payment, (2) if any of the charges have not been paid within 30 days, in addition to the interest calculated at the default rate, a late charge of 1 percent on the amount of each default shall also be paid to the OWDA, and (3) for each additional 30 days during which the charges remain unpaid, the Village shall continue to pay an additional late charge of 1 percent on the amount of the default until such charges are paid. The Village's overall legal debt margin was \$11,047,185, with an unvoted debt margin of \$5,786,621 at December 31, 2024.

Note 11 – Significant Commitments

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Fund	\$ 40,605
Maintenance & Repair Streets	14,016
Fire Levy	142
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	66,796
Total Governmental Activities	121,559
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Fund	57,010
Sewer Fund	10,474
Nonmajor Business-Type Funds	721
Total Business-Type Activities	68,204
Total	\$189,763

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 12 – Related Organization

The Gallia Metropolitan Housing Authority is a nonprofit organization established to provide adequate public housing for low-income individuals and was created pursuant to State Statutes. The Authority is operated by a five-member board. Two board members are appointed by the Village, one member is appointed by the Gallia County Probate Court Judge, one member is appointed by the Gallia County Common Pleas Court Judge, and one member is appointed by the Gallia County Commissioners. The Authority receives funding from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The Board sets its own budget and selects its own management, and the Village is not involved in its management or operation. The Village is not financially accountable for the Authority.

Note 13 – Asset Retirement Obligation

The Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, provides guidance related to asset retirement obligations (AROs). Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.44 requires the Village to submit any changes to their sewerage system to the Ohio EPA for approval. Through this review process, the Village would be responsible to address any public safety issues associated with their wastewater treatment facilities. Due to the Village's application of the cash basis of accounting, this long-term obligation is not reported as a liability in the financial statements.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 14 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds for 2024 are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	(Formerly Nonmajor) Maintenance & Repairs Street	(Formerly Nonmajor) Fire Levy	Court Capital Improvement	Other Governmental	Total
Nonspendable:						
Unclaimed Monies	\$ 95,248	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,248
Cemetery Endowments	-	-	-	-	27,442	27,442
Total Nonspendable	95,248	-	-	-	27,442	122,690
Restricted for:						
Street Improvements	-	365,760	-	-	18,833	384,593
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-	77,531	77,531
Fire Protection	-	-	398,383	-	-	398,383
Cemeteries	-	-	-	-	35,885	35,885
Recreation	-	-	-	-	102,917	102,917
Court Operations	-	-	-	-	555,797	555,797
Capital Improvements	-	-	-	555,559	-	555,559
Drug Prevention Program	-	-	-	-	39,451	39,451
Other Purposes	-	-	-	-	92,219	92,219
Total Restricted	-	365,760	398,383	555,559	922,633	2,242,335
Committed for:						
Recreation	-	-	-	-	67,586	67,586
Total Committed	-	-	-	-	67,586	67,586
Assigned to:						
Purchases on Order	40,605	-	-	-	-	40,605
Total Assigned	40,605	-	-	-	-	40,605
Unassigned:	1,085,621	-	-	-	-	1,085,621
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,221,474	\$ 365,760	\$ 398,383	\$ 555,559	\$ 1,017,661	\$ 3,558,837

Note 15 – Contingencies

Grants

The Village receives financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. Disbursing grant funds generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims through December 31, 2024, will not have a material adverse effect on the Village.

Litigation

The Village is not currently party to pending litigation seeking damages and/or injunctive relief as confirmed by the Village Solicitor.

Village of the City of Gallipolis
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Note 16 – Change within the Financial Reporting Entity

For 2024, the Maintenance and Repair Streets and Fire Levy special revenue funds presentation were adjusted from nonmajor to major due to now meeting the quantitative threshold for a major fund. This change is separately displayed in the financial statements.

Note 17 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During 2024, the Village did not receive COVID-19 funding. The Village will continue to spend available COVID-19 Funding with the applicable program guidelines.